



FEDERATION CYNOLOGIQUE INTERNATIONALE (AISBL)

SECRETARIAT GENERAL: 13, Place Albert 1^{er} B – 6530 Thuin (Belgique)

25.09.1998/ EN

FCI-Standard N° 108

EPAGNEUL PICARD

(Picardy Spaniel)

TRANSLATION: Mrs Kincaid. Official language (FR).

ORIGIN: France.

DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE OFFICIAL VALID STANDARD: 30.10.1964.

UTILIZATION: Pointing dog.

FCI-CLASSIFICATION: Group 7 Pointing Dogs.
Section 1.2 Continental Pointing Dogs,
Spaniel type.
With working trial.

GENERAL APPEARANCE: A strong, broadbacked dog, well boned with strong limbs; gentle expression; head carriage gay and striking. Very well constructed forequarters.

HEAD

CRANIAL REGION:

Skull: Wide and rounded, prominent occiput; parietals flat.

Stop: Sloping to the muzzle, not at right angle.

FACIAL REGION:

Nose: Brown, medium sized, nicely rounded.

Muzzle: Long, sufficiently wide, tapering from the set on at the skull to the nose; very slightly arched in the middle part.

Lips: Of medium thickness, slightly let down, not hanging.

EYES: Dark amber in colour, well opened; expression frank and friendly.

EARS: Set on rather low, framing the skull with beautiful wavy, silky hair.

NECK: Well let into the shoulders, muscular.

BODY: Haunch bones slightly lower than the withers.

Loin: Straight, not too long, wide and full.

Croup: Very slightly sloping, rounded.

Chest: Deep, sufficiently wide, reaching well down to elbow level.

Underline and belly: Flanks flat, yet deep, though with a slight tuck-up.

TAIL: Set-on not too high. Hanging down in two slight curves, convex and concave. Not too long, furnished with lovely silky feathering.

LIMBS

FOREQUARTERS:

General appearance: Forelegs straight, well muscled, feathered.

Shoulder: Shoulder-blade rather long, somewhat upright, sufficiently muscled.

Upper arm: Well muscled.

Elbow: Well set.

Forefeet: Round, large, tight, with a little feathering between the toes.

HINDQUARTERS:

General appearance: Hindlegs well feathered down to the hock.

Haunches: Prominent, reaching to the level of the back and loins.

Upper thighs: Straight, long, broad, well muscled.

Hocks: Slightly bent.

Rear pastern: Straight.

Hind feet: Round, large, tight, with a little feathering between the toes.

SKIN: Rather fine and supple.

COAT

Hair: Dense and not too silky; fine on head, slightly wavy on the body.

Colour: Grey mottling with brown patches on different pads of the body and root of tail. Most often marked with tan on head and limbs.

SIZE:

Height at the withers: 55 to 60 cm.

A tolerance up to 62 cm is accepted for males.

FAULTS : Any departure from the foregoing points should be considered a fault and the seriousness with which the fault should be regarded should be in exact proportion to its degree and its effect upon the health and welfare of the dog.

- Head pear-shaped, too narrow.
- Skull too square, too narrow, too short.
- Stop at right angle.
- Nose black, pointed, pinched; split nose.
- Muzzle too short, too curved.
- Lips too thick, too short.
- Eyes too light, too deep set, level with the skull; slit eyes; vicious look.
- Ears narrow, short, set on too high, too curly or lack of silky hair.
- Neck too long, too thin, too short.
- Back too long, sunken.
- Loin too long, too narrow, too weak.
- Croup too sloping.
- Chest too narrow, not deep enough.
- Flanks too full, too deep, with excessive tuck-up.
- Tail carried in sabre-fashion, too long, too curled, set-on too high or too low.
- Forelegs without feathering, fine, tied at elbows or out at elbows.
- Shoulder blade short, too upright or too oblique, sloping too much backwards.
- Upper arm with weak bone.
- Pastern joint knuckling over.
- Haunches too low, too high, too close together.
- Upper thighs narrow, lack of feathering.
- Hocks too bent or cow-hocked.

- Feet narrow, flat or splayed.
- Skin too thick.
- Hair fine, silky, curly, or too short.
- Too much brown colour, patched with white or black.

DISQUALIFYING FAULTS:

- Aggressive or overly shy dogs.
- Any dog clearly showing physical or behavioural abnormalities.

N.B.:

- Male animals should have two apparently normal testicles fully descended into the scrotum.
- Only functionally and clinically healthy dogs, with breed typical conformation should be used for breeding.

SURFACE ANATOMY

